

## **Animal Science**

## Merit Badge Workbook



This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

This Workbook can help you organize your thoughts as you prepare to meet with your merit badge counselor. You still must satisfy your counselor that you can demonstrate each skill and have learned the information. You should use the work space provided for each requirement to keep track of which requirements have been completed, and to make notes for discussing the item with your counselor, not for providing full and complete answers.

If a requirement says that you must take an action using words such as "discuss", "show", "tell", "explain", "demonstrate", "identify", etc, that is what you must do.

Merit Badge Counselors may not require the use of this or any similar workbooks.

	•	ubtract from the official requirements foun nts were last issued or revised in 2007	•	ents (Pub. 33216 – SKU 637685). updated in <u>May 2017.</u>
Scout's	Name:		Unit:	
				e No.:
		http://www.USScouts.Org •	http://www.MeritBadge.Org	
C		rors, omissions, comments or suggestion ns for changes to the <u>requirements</u> for th		
	cipal uses and merits	stock in each of the following classifics. Tell where the breeds originated.	ations: horses, dairy ca	attle, beef cattle, sheep, hogs. Tell their
	Breed	Principal uses and merits.		Where the breed originated.

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2. List five diseases in each of the classifications in requirement 1. Also list five diseases of poultry. Describe the symptoms of each disease and explain how each is contracted and how it could be prevented.

Horses

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Dairy cattle:

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Beef cattle:

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Sheep:

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Hogs:

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Poultry:

Disease	Symptoms	How it's contracted	How it's prevented

Explain the m	najor differences in digestive systems of ruminants, horses, pigs, and poultry.
Ruminants	
Horses	
Pigs	
Daviltar	
Poultry	
Explain how t	Learning the difference structure and function among these four types of digestive tracts affect the nutritional
management	of these species.
Ruminants	
Horses	
Pigs	
Doulton.	
Poultry	

Animal Science

3.

Scout's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

An	imal Science	Scout's Name:
4.	tell how you would proper	- beef cow, dairy cow, horse, sheep, goat, or hog, or a poultry flock – and ly manage it. Include in your discussion nutritional (feeding) concerns, housing, disease fremoval, and breeding programs if appropriate.
	Nutritional (feeding) concerns:	
	Housing:	
	Disease many autient	
	Disease prevention:	
	Waste control/removal:	
	Breeding programs	
_		
5.	Explain the importance of	setting clear goals for any animal breeding program.
	Tell how purebred lines of	f animals are produced.
		·

	plain the actice:	practice of crossbreeding and the value of this practice.
\/a	lue:	
Vα	iuc.	
Co	mplete C	ONE of the following options: (Use blank pages for any notes or written answers for any of these options)
	BEEF	CATTLE OPTION
	□ a.	Visit a farm or ranch where beef cattle are produced under any of these systems:
		1. Feeding market cattle for harvest;
		2. Cow/calf operation, producing feeder cattle for sale to commercial cattle feeders;
		3. Producing purebred cattle for sale as breeding stock to others. Talk with the operator to learn how the cattle were handled, fed, weighed, and shipped. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a cattle ranch or farm, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on beef cattle production. Tell about your findings.
	□ b.	Sketch a plan of a feedlot to include its forage and grain storage facilities, and loading chute for 30 or more fattening steers, or sketch a corral plan with cutting and loading chutes for handling 50 or more beef cows and their calves at one time.
	c.	Make a sketch showing the principal wholesale and retail cuts of beef. Tell about the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA. dual grading system of beef. Tell the basis of each grade in each system.
	☐ d.	Define the following terms: bull, steer, bullock, cow, heifer, freemartin, heiferette, calf.
	DAIRY	ING OPTION
	□ a.	Tell how a cow or a goat converts forage and grain into milk. Explain the differences in feeds typically used for dairy cows versus those fed to beef cows.
	□ b.	Make a chart showing the ingredients in cows' milk or goat's milk. Chart the amount of each ingredient.
	□ C.	Explain the requirements for producing grade A milk. Tell how and why milk is pasteurized.
	☐ d.	Tell about the kinds of equipment used for milking and the sanitation standards that must be met for dairy farms.
	□ e.	Define the following terms: bull, cow, steer, heifer, springer, buck, doe, kid.
	f.	Visit a dairy farm or a milk processing plant. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a dairy farm or processing plant, view a video from a breed or dairy association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on dairying. Tell about your findings.

**Animal Science** 

6.

Scout's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Animal Science	Scout's Name:
☐ HORSE	OPTION
	Make a sketch of a useful saddle horse barn and exercise yard.
b.	Tell about the history of the horse and the benefits it has brought to people. Using the four breeds of horses you chose in requirement 1, discuss the different special uses of each breed.
c.	Define the following terms: mare, stallion, gelding, foal, colt, filly; mustang, quarter horse, draft horse, pacer, trotter; pinto, calico, palomino, roan, overo, tobiano.
d.	Visit a horse farm. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a horse farm, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on horses. Tell about your findings.
☐ e.	Outline the proper feeding of a horse doing light work. Explain why the amount and kind of feed will change according to the kind of horse and the work it does. Describe what colic is, what can cause it, and its symptoms.
☐ SHEEP	OPTION
□ a.	Make a sketch of a live lamb. Show the location of the various wholesale and retail cuts.
□ b.	Discuss how wools are sorted and graded.
□ c.	Do ONE of the following:
	1. Raise a lamb from weaning to market weight. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.
	2. Visit a farm or ranch where sheep are raised. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a sheep farm or ranch, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on sheep. Tell about your findings.
☐ d.	Describe some differences between the production of purebred and commercial lambs. Then select two breeds that would be appropriate for the production of crossbred market lambs in your region. Identify which breed the ram should be.
□ e.	Define the following terms: wether, ewe, ram, lamb.
☐ HOG O	PTION
☐ a.	Make a sketch showing the principal wholesale and retail cuts of pork. Tell about the recommended USDA grades of pork. Tell the basis for each grade.
<u></u> b.	Outline in writing the proper feeding programs used from the breeding of a gilt or sow through the weaning of the litter. Discuss the growth and finishing periods from the breeding of a gilt or sow through the weaning of the litter. Discuss the feeding programs for the growth and finishing periods.
□ c.	Do ONE of the following:
	Raise a feeder pig from weaning to market weight. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.
	2. Visit a farm where hogs are produced, or visit a packing plant handling hogs. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a hog production unit or packing plant, view a video from a packer or processor, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on hogs. Tell about your findings.
□ d.	Define the following terms: gilt, sow, barrow, boar.
☐ AVIAN (	OPTION
☐ a.	Make a sketch of a layer house or broiler house showing nests, roosts, feeders, waterers, and means of ventilation. Explain how insulation, ventilation, temperature controls, automatic lights, and other environmental controls are used to protect birds from heat, cold, and bad weather.
	Explain why overcrowding is dangerous for poultry flocks.
c.	Tell about the grading of eggs. Tell how broilers (fryers) are graded. Describe the classes of chicken meat.
□ d.	Do ONE of the following:
	<ol> <li>Manage an egg-producing flock for five months. Keep records of feed purchased, eggs sold, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.</li> </ol>

2. Raise 20 chicks from hatching. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vac	cination,
and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.	
3. Visit a commercial avian production facility. Describe what you saw and explain what you you cannot visit a commercial facility, view a video from a poultry association, or research (with your parent's permission) for information on poultry production. Tell about your finding.	he Internet
e. Define the following terms: hen, rooster, chick, capon, tom, poult.	
7. Find out about three career opportunities in animal science.	
1.	
2.	
3.	
Pick one and explain how to prepare for such a career.	
Discuss with your counselor what education and training are required, and explain why this profession might interes	tvou
Education	it you.
Education	
Training	
Why this profession might interest you.	

Scout's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

When working on merit badges, Scouts and Scouters should be aware of some vital information in the current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* (BSA publication 33088).Important excerpts from that publication can be downloaded from <a href="http://usscouts.org/advance/docs/GTA-Excerpts-meritbadges.pdf">http://usscouts.org/advance/docs/GTA-Excerpts-meritbadges.pdf</a>.

You can download a complete copy of the Guide to Advancement from <a href="http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf">http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf</a>.

**Animal Science**