

Emergency Preparedness

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

The work space provided for each requirement should be used by the Scout to make notes for discussing the item with his counselor, not for providing the full and complete answers. Each Scout must do each requirement.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in **Boy Scout Requirements** (Pub. 33216 – SKU 619576).

The requirements were last issued or revised in 2013	 This workbook was updated in <u>July 2014</u>.
Scout's Name:	Unit:
Counselor's Name:	
http://www.USScouts.Org •	http://www.MeritBadge.Org
Please submit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions Comments or suggestions for changes to the requirements for the	about this workbook to: Workbooks@USScouts.Org merit badge should be sent to: Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org
1. Earn the First Aid merit badge.	
2. Do the following:	
a. Discuss with your counselor the aspects of emerg	ency preparedness:
Prepare for emergency situations	
Respond to emergency situations	
3. Recover from emergency situations	
Mitigate and prevent emergency situations	
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Include in your discussion the kinds of questions that are important to ask yourself as you consider each of these.

b. Make a chart that demonstrates your understanding of each of the aspects of emergency preparedness in requirement 2a (prepare, respond, recover, mitigate, and prevent) with regard to 10 of the situations listed below. You must use situations 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 below in boldface but you may choose any other five listed for a total of 10 situations. Discuss this chart with your counselor.

τ	otal of 10 situations. Dis	scuss this chart w	ith your counseioi	r. I	1	1
	Situation	Prepare	Respond	Recover	Mitigate	Prevent
	1. Home kitchen fire					
Ш						
	2. Home basement /					
	storage room / garage fire					
	3. Explosion in the home					
Ш	nome					
_	4. Automobile					
	accident					
	5. Food-borne					
	disease (food poisoning)					
	6. Fire or explosion in					
	a public place					
	7. Vehicle stalled in					
	the desert					
	8. Vehicle trapped in					
	a blizzard					
	9. Flash flooding in					
	town or the country					
	10. Mountain/					
	backcountry accident					
	11. Boating accident					
	Ç					
	12. Gas leak in a					
	home or a building					
	13. Tornado or					
	hurricane					
	14. Major flood					
	The Major Hood					
	15. Nuclear power					
	plant emergency					

		Situation	Prepare	Respond	Recover	wiitigate	Prevent
		16. Avalanche (snowslide or					
	_	rockslide) 17. Violence in a					
		public place					
		Meet with and teach you chart you created for re your family meeting, dis	quirement 2b. Cor	mplete a family pla	an. Then meet wit	e informed for the	situations on the and report on
3.		w you could safely save Touching a live househ		e following:			
		A record filled with course	n manavida				
		A room filled with carbo	n monoxide				
	□ c.	Clothes on fire					

Emergency Preparedness	Scout's Name:
	ming rescues (including accidents on ice)
Show three ways of attracting and	communicating with rescue planes/aircraft.
	<u> </u>
	way to move an injured person out of a remote and/or rugged area, conserving the the well-being and protection of the injured person.
6. Do the following:	
	Scouts should be prepared to do, the training they need, and the safety precautions ollowing emergency services:
 Crowd and traffic con 	ntrol
Be prepared to do:	
Training they need:	
Safety Precautions:	
2. Messenger service a	nd communication
Be prepared to do:	
Training they need:	
Safety Precautions:	
,	

		Discuss this information with your counselor and apply what you discover to the chart you created for requirement 2b.
7.	Take par agency.	t in an emergency service project, either a real one or a practice drill, with a Scouting unit or a community
8.	Do the fo	ollowing:
	a.	Prepare a written plan for mobilizing your troop when needed to do emergency service. If there is already a
		plan, explain it.
		Tell your part in making it work.

Emergency Preparedness

Scout's Name: _____

	part in at least one troop mob	
Befor	e the exercise, describe your	part to your counselor.
After	ward, conduct an "after-action ges or adjustments to the plar	" lesson, discussing what you learned during the exercise that required
511411	goo or adjacamento to are plan	
☐ o Dron	are a nercenal emergency es	nice neek for a mobilization call
C. Prepa		rvice pack for a mobilization call.
	Contents	Needs and Uses

Emergency Preparedness

Scout's Name:

Emergency Pro	eparedness	Scout's Name:
	NE of the following:	
	a. Using a safety checklist a	approved by your counselor, inspect your home for potential hazards. Safety Checklist at the end of this workbook.)
	Explain the hazards you	find and how they can be corrected.
□ b	p. Review or develop a plan	n of escape for your family in case of fire in your home.
	Ī	

Emergency Prep	aredness		Scout's Name:	
☐ c.	Develop an accident preve seeing a movie) that include the reasons for the correction	ntion program for five family a les an analysis of possible had ons you propose	activities outside the home (si zards, a proposed plan to co	uch as taking a picnic or rrect those hazards, and
	Activity:	Possible Hazards:	Plan to correct:	Reasons for corrections:

Requirement resources can be found here:
http://www.meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Emergency Preparedness#Requirement resources

Sample	Home	Safety	Checklist
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Scout's Name:	

Check safety steps that are being taking in your home. Write N/A if the item is not applicable. Items left blank may present a safety hazard. This list provides some sample safety steps you might take. See the Merit Badge pamphlet and your counselor for more information. Ask your parent or guardian before making any changes.

Stairways, Halls, and Outdoor Steps	<u>N/A</u>	Living Room and Dining Room	N/A
Stairways with three or more steps have a strong handrail and slip resistant finish.		Furniture is placed to allow easy passage in an emergency.	
Stairways & halls are kept free from boxes, toys, shoes, brooms, tools, and other tripping		Before bedtime, furniture placement is checked for orderliness.	
hazards.		Furniture and woodwork solid, in good repair,	
Gates at top and bottom of stairs prevent children from falling.	Ш	and free from splinters and rough spots. Fireplace screen fits snugly.	
The head and foot of stairs have no small or		Rugs are fastened or laid on non-slip pads.	
loose rugs.		Rugs are kept from curling at their edges.	
Stair carpeting or covering is fastened securely.	Ш	Wax on floors is thoroughly buffed.	
Stairways & halls have good lighting,		Fire in fireplace is extinguished at bedtime.	
controllable at each end.		 Candles are in stable holders and fully extinguished after use, before bedtime, or 	Ш
Kitchen		before leaving home	
Matches are kept where children cannot get them.		<u>Bathroom</u>	
Emergency numbers are posted next to the telephone, including 911 and poison control.		Tub and shower are equipped with strong handholds.	
Knives & sharp instruments are kept in knife		Tub floor has non-slip surface.	
drawers or holder.		 Poisons and dangerous chemicals are marked, sealed shut in original containers, 	Ш
Can openers don't leave sharp edges on cans.		and out of reach of children.	
Disinfectants & cleaning products are out of reach of children.		Medicines are out of reach of children in childproof containers.	
Pan handles are turned away from stove		No one takes medicine in the dark.	
edges.	_	<u>Bedroom</u>	
Spilled grease, water, or bits of food are wiped up immediately.		Smoke alarm has fresh battery or secure electrical connection & is tested regularly.	
Pot holders are located near the stove, within easy reach.		 Carbon monoxide detector has fresh battery or secure electrical connection and is tested 	Ш
A dry chemical fire extinguisher is mounted		regularly.	
near the stove.		Furniture placement for clear passage between bed and door.	Ш
Attic and Basement Ladder is strong, solid, and sturdily		Light switch or lamp is within easy reach from	
constructed.	Ш	bed.	
Stairway is sturdy and well lighted.		A night-light illuminates bedroom or hall.	
Children keep skates and play gear in a specific place.		Bureau and dresser drawers are closed when not in use.	
Walls and beams are free from protruding nails.		Bar across upper bunk beds helps prevent falls.	Ш
Fuses or circuit breakers are the proper size.		Children are taught not to lean against windows or screens.	
Rubbish & flammable materials are in		Low sill windows have sturdy screens to	
covered metal cans.		prevent children from falling out.	
Wastepaper is kept away from furnace and stairs.	Ш	Smoking in bed is prohibited.	
		Gas and electric heating devices are turned off at bedtime.	

Sample Home Safety Checklist

or	ch, Yard, and Garage
	Railings and banisters are sound and inspected periodically.
	Steps and walks are kept free from ice and snow.
	Yard/play space are free from holes, stones, glass, etc.
	Tools and dangerous articles are out of reach of children.
	Dangerous products & chemicals are kept in original containers in locked storage areas.
	Wires and low fences are brightly painted or clearly marked.
	Wells, cisterns, and pits are kept securely covered.
	Disposable materials are not burned outside.
	An area is marked off in the garage for bicycles, wagons, etc.
	Lawn mower is equipped with proper safeguards.
Vo	rkshop
	Good ventilation exists, especially when sanding or painting.
	Safety goggles or face mask, and hearing protection are worn when working with or around power tools, and an appropriate eyewash is available.
	Baking soda is kept handy to neutralize acid burns.
	All electrical tools are either grounded with three-wire plugs or are double-insulated.
	Work area is well lit & free of clutter, scraps, rags.
	All tools have a place & are in their place.
	Guards are in place on all power tools.
	A push stick is available for use with power saws.
	Tools are unplugged when not in use and before changing blades, servicing or repairing.

Nu	rsery	N/A	Porch, Yard, and Garage
	Bars on cribs are closely spaced – no more than 2 3/8" apart so baby's head cannot slip		Railings and banisters are sound and inspected periodically.
	between them. Crib is approved by Consumer Products or		Steps and walks are kept free from ice snow.
	similar.		Yard/play space are free from holes, s
	Crib is free from sharp edges or corners.		glass, etc.
	Crib does not have a "drop" side.		 Tools and dangerous articles are out of children.
	Sleeping garments and covers keep baby warm without danger of smothering.		☐ Dangerous products & chemicals are I
	Pillows are kept out of bassinet or crib.		original containers in locked storage a
Ц	No thin, plastic material is in or near the crib.		Wires and low fences are brightly pain clearly marked.
Ш	No toys or objects in or near the crib or within reach of any child under 3 are less than 1 inch in diameter and 2 inches long.		Wells, cisterns, and pits are kept secu covered.
	No toys or objects have small parts that can		Disposable materials are not burned or
	be removed. Children are taught not to give marbles, etc.		An area is marked off in the garage for bicycles, wagons, etc.
	to younger children. Toys are sturdy, do not come apart easily, &		Lawn mower is equipped with proper safeguards.
Ш	have no sharp edges or points.		Workshop
	Nontoxic paint is used on baby furniture and toys.		Good ventilation exists, especially who sanding or painting.
	All houseplants are nonpoisonous.		Safety goggles or face mask, and hea
Sto	ves, Furnaces, and Heaters		protection are worn when working with
	Stoves are away from curtains.		around power tools, and an appropriat eyewash is available.
	Stoves & furnace pipes and flues are inspected & cleaned annually.		Baking soda is kept handy to neutraliz burns.
	Gas burners are properly adjusted and free from leaks.		All electrical tools are either grounded
	Gas water and space heaters are equipped		three-wire plugs or are double-insulate Work area is well lit & free of clutter, so
	with vents or flues.		rags.
Ш	Water heater or boiler has a safety valve & is checked yearly.		All tools have a place & are in their pla
	Water heater temperature is set below 120		Guards are in place on all power tools
	degrees Fahrenheit to reduce the risk of serious burns.	Ш	A push stick is available for use with p saws.
	Flames of gas burners are protected from drafts.		Tools are unplugged when not in use a before changing blades, servicing or
	Insulating shield protects woodwork within 18" of furnace, etc.		repairing.
	Keep flammable materials away from stoves, furnaces, etc.		
	A wrench is stored near the shut-off valve of outside gas line.		
	The flue is opened before using the fireplace.		

Electrical Devices and Fixtures	N/A	<u>General</u>	N/A
Electrical fixtures and appliances are located & used beyond arm's length of the sink, stove, tub, shower, or other grounded metal unless outlet is protected by a ground-fault		Home has smoke and Carbon Monoxie detectors, with at least one smoke detector in each bedroom, near the kitchen, and in the basement & garage.	
interrupter.Do not touch electrical fixtures or appliances with wet hands.		Everything has a place and is in its place.Stepladders are in good repair and stored out of the way.	
Disconnect seldom-used appliances when not in use.		Window screens and storm windows are securely fastened.	
Household appliances are disconnected before repairs.		Guns are stored unloaded and in locked cases.	
Light bulbs are installed in all lamp sockets.		Guns and ammunition are stored separately.	
All pull-type sockets have an insulating link.Frayed or worn electric cords are promptly		Children are permitted to use only blunt-end scissors.	
replaced.	Ш	Housework clothing has no drooping sleeves,	
Long trailing cords are not in evidence.		sashes, or frills.	ш
Cords are kept out from under rugs, doors,		Shoes worn for housework have low heels.	
and furniture.		All shoes are in good repair.	
UA-approved extension cords are the proper size.		Kerosene, gasoline, paint thinners, and other volatile materials are stored outside in	
Children are taught never to touch electric sockets or fixtures.		special, clearly marked metal containers.	
Fuses are adequate for the load and are not bypassed.		 Oil mops, dust rags, painting equipment, and other oily materials are stored outside in open metal containers. 	Ш
Circuit breakers are labeled and not overloaded.		Everyone turns on a light before entering a dark room.	
For Emergency			
		thrown away.	_
poison control, etc.).		Children are never permitted to play with	Ш
Be able to find water, gas, & electric shutoffs. Check annually.		matches. Fire extinguishers are readily available and in	
First aid kit approved by your doctor/American Red Cross.		good working order.	
Know basic first aid procedures.			
Have a fire escape plan from your home.			
Emergency water supply.			
Handheld flashlights readily available.			
In earthquake-prone areas, make sure that the water heater and bookcases are bolted to the walls.			

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Important excerpts from the Guide To Advancement - 2013, No. 33088 (SKU-618673)

[1.0.0.0] — Introduction

The current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* is the official source for administering advancement in all Boy Scouts of America programs: Cub Scouting, Boy Scouting, Versity Scouting, Venturing, and Sea Scouts. It replaces any previous BSA advancement manuals, including *Advancement Committee Policies and Procedures*, *Advancement and Recognition Policies and Procedures*, and previous editions of the *Guide to Advancement*.

[Page 2, and 5.0.1.4] — Policy on Unauthorized Changes to Advancement Program

No council, committee, district, unit, or individual has the authority to add to, or subtract from, advancement requirements. There are limited exceptions relating only to youth members with special needs. For details see section 10, "Advancement for Members With Special Needs".

[Page 2] — The "Guide to Safe Scouting" Applies

Policies and procedures outlined in the *Guide to Safe Scouting*, No. 34416, apply to all BSA activities, including those related to advancement and Eagle Scout service projects.

[7.0.3.1] — The Buddy System and Certifying Completion

A youth member must not meet one-on-one with an adult. Sessions with counselors must take place where others can view the interaction, or the Scout must have a buddy: a friend, parent, guardian, brother, sister, or other relative—or better yet, another Scout working on the same badge—along with him attending the session.

When the Scout meets with the counselor, he should bring any required projects. If these cannot be transported, he should present evidence, such as photographs or adult verification. His unit leader, for example, might state that a satisfactory bridge or tower has been built for the Pioneering merit badge, or that meals were prepared for Cooking. If there are questions that requirements were met, a counselor may confirm with adults involved. Once satisfied, the counselor signs the blue card using the date upon which the Scout completed the requirements, or in the case of partials, initials the individual requirements passed.

Note that from time to time, it may be appropriate for a requirement that has been met for one badge to also count for another. See "Fulfilling More Than One Requirement With a Single Activity," 4.2.3.6.

[7.0.3.2] — Group Instruction

It is acceptable—and sometimes desirable—for merit badges to be taught in group settings. This often occurs at camp and merit badge midways or similar events. Interactive group discussions can support learning. The method can also be attractive to "guest experts" assisting registered and approved counselors. Slide shows, skits, demonstrations, panels, and various other techniques can also be employed, but as any teacher can attest, not everyone will learn all the material.

There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of *all* requirements. We must know that every Scout —actually and *personally*— completed them. If, for example, a requirement uses words like "show," "demonstrate," or "discuss," then every Scout must do that. It is unacceptable to award badges on the basis of sitting in classrooms *watching* demonstrations, or remaining silent during discussions. It is sometimes reported that Scouts who have received merit badges through group instructional settings have not fulfilled all the requirements. To offer a quality merit badge program, council and district advancement committees should ensure the following are in place for all group instructional events.

- Merit badge counselors are known to be registered and approved.
- Any guest experts or guest speakers, or others assisting who are not registered and approved as merit badge counselors, do not accept the
 responsibilities of, or behave as, merit badge counselors, either at a group instructional event or at any other time. Their service is temporary, not
 ongoing.
- Counselors agree not to assume prerequisites have been completed without some level of evidence that the work has been done. Pictures and
 letters from other merit badge counselors or unit leaders are the best form of prerequisite documentation when the actual work done cannot be
 brought to the camp or site of the merit badge event.
- There is a mechanism for unit leaders or others to report concerns to a council advancement committee on summer camp merit badge programs, group instructional events, and any other merit badge counseling issues—especially in instances where it is believed BSA procedures are not followed. See "Reporting Merit Badge Counseling Concerns," 11.1.0.0.
- There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of all requirements. We must know that every Scout—actually and personally—completed them.

[7.0.3.3] — Partial Completions

A Scout need not pass all the requirements of one merit badge with the same counselor. It may be that due to timing or location issues, etc., he must meet with a different counselor to finish the badge. The Application for Merit Badge has a place to record what has been finished—a "partial." In the center section on the reverse of the blue card, the counselor initials for each requirement passed. In the case of a partial completion, the counselor does not retain his or her portion of the card. A subsequent counselor may choose not to accept partial work, but this should be rare. A Scout, if he believes he is being treated unfairly, may work with his unit leader to find another counselor. An example for the use of a signed partial would be to take it to camp as proof of prerequisites. Partials have no expiration except the Scout's 18th birthday. Units, districts, or councils shall not establish other expiration dates for partial merit badges.

[7.0.4.8] — Unofficial Worksheets and Learning Aids

Worksheets and other materials that may be of assistance in earning merit badges are available from a variety of places including unofficial sources on the Internet and even troop libraries. Use of these aids is permissible as long as the materials can be correlated with the current requirements that Scouts must fulfill. Completing "worksheets" may suffice where a requirement calls for something in writing, but this would not work for a requirement where the Scout must discuss, tell, show, or demonstrate, etc. Note that Scouts shall not be required to use these learning aids in order to complete a merit badge.